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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/994,915	11/27/2001	Marianne Hickey	1509-247	7400
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HEWLETT 1	PACKARD COMPA	REID, CHERYL M		
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INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
FORT COLL	NS, CO 80527-2400		2142	

DATE MAILED: 12/23/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	09/994,915	HICKEY ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Cheryl M. Reid	2142		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr iill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	√. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 Oc This action is FINAL. Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E 	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro			
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10,16 and 17 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10,16 and 17 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the orange Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the orange representation are objected to by the Examiner.	epted or b) objected to by the lidrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/08/05.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Di 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-10, 16-17 have been examined.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 16-17 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1, 2-6, and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mark et al (US 6687358) in view of Dalrymple et al (US 6976094) in view of Ogdon et al (US 6598075).
- 4. In regards to claim 1, Mark teaches of : the communication is managed as a session having one or more participants with the user, via the first device, being an initial participant to the session (fig 1, col 3, lines 20-25); the user, using the first device, instructs an output device(computer) to join the session (col 3, lines 20-25). Mark does

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not explicitly teach of the remaining limitations. In an analogous art, Dalrymple teaches of session joining information being passed from the first device to the output device and the output device uses the session-joining information to join the session as a participant (col 4, lines 5-20). Dalrymple does not explicitly teach of the remaining limitations. In an analogous art, Ogdon teaches of the interfacing handler (firewall) sends content and/or content references from the content server to the participants in the session, the output device outputting for the user at least some of the content (Col 15, lines 40-50, fig 1b), wherein "output device" is the client system (i.e computer, audio player) and wherein outputting is performed by delivery of content to user. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the arts at the time of invention to incorporate the above teachings because the inventions are analogous art (i.e. relates to the facilitation of communication among a plurality of entities). One of ordinary skill in the arts at the time of invention would have been motivated because the above modifications would result in a more efficient and cost-effective method of facilitating multi-party conferencing via a network, which is advantageous as discussed by Ogdon (col 1, lines 20-50).

In regards to claims 2-6, neither Mark nor Dalrymple explicitly teaches of the limitations. In an analogous art, Odgon teaches of : wherein the devices register their communication capabilities with the session and the interfacing handler sends content and/or content references from the content server to the devices taking account of their registered capabilities(Col 2, lines 58-65, Col 3, lines 30-45 Col 19, lines 20-25, Col 20, lines 19-25); wherein the interfacing handler sends content from the content server to

the output device according to authorisation information specified by the user (Col 15, lines 40-50, fig 1b, Col 18, lines 50-56); the content server provides content in multiple media types and the at least one second is capable of handling one or more media types not handled by the first device (Col 2, lines 5-10, Col 3, lines 25-45); the interfacing handler is a browser arranged to interpret pages with markup tags provided by the content serve Ogdon implicitly teaches on this aspect. Ogdon teaches on an interfacing handler (firewall) that provides content from a content server (Col 15, lines 40-47). Ogdon teaches of using his invention with the TCP/IP protocol (Col 2, lines 15-20) and teaches of using the HTTP protocol. It is well know in the art that the abovementioned protocols incorporate markup tags. Thus it is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the firewall(interface handler) has the capabilities to interpret pages with markup tags provided by the content server; the first device is a voice communication device and the interfacing handler is a multimodal browser capable of handling voice markup pages provided by the content server; Ogdon teaches of wherein the first device can be a voice communication device (Col 2, lines 5-10) and teaches wherein the interfacing handler (firewall) is a multimodal browser capable of handling voice markup pages provided by the content server (Col 3, lines 25-45, Col 15, lines 40-50). The motivation discussed in claim 1 applies.

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In regards to claim 8, Mark does not explicitly teach of the limitations. Dalrymple 6. teaches of wherein the first device passes on the session-joining information using a short-range communication link (fig fig 2, col 4, lines 5-20).

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7. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mark et al (US 6687358) in view of Dalrymple et al (US 6976094) in view of Ogdon et al (US 6598075) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Wolfe et al hereinafter Wolfe (US 6779025).

- 8. In regards to claim 7, neither Pennock nor Ogdon teaches wherein the first device is a cellular phone Wolfe teaches on this aspect (Col 6, lines 47-50). The motivation discussed above in claim 2 applies.
- 9. Claims 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mark et al (US 6687358) in view of Dalrymple et al (US 6976094) in view of Ogdon et al (US 6598075) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Pennock (US 6807562).
- 10. In regards to claims 9-10, the rejection was set forth in the previous office action mailed on 6/29/05. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the arts at the time of invention to incorporate the above teachings because the inventions are analogous art (i.e. relates to the facilitation of communication about entities over a network). One of ordinary skill in the arts at the time of invention would have been motivated for the reasons discussed by Dalrymple (col 1, lines 15-25) and Mark (col 2, lines 15-20).

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11. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dalrymple et al (US 6976094) in view of Ogdon et al (US 6598075).

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In regards to claim 16, Dalrymple teaches of : session manager(proxy server) 12. operative to set up a communication session with the user device as an initial member(fig 2), and to pass the user device a session identifier for the session (col 4, lines 13-16); a receiving means for receiving from an output device, a joining request including said session identifier (col 4, lines 5-20) the receiving means being operative to pass the request to the session manager, and the session manager being responsive to the request to join the output device to the communication session (col 4, lines 20-45),. Dalrymple does not explicitly teach of the remaining limitations. In an analogous art, Ogdon teaches of receiving capability information concerning what types of content the output device can handle (Col 19, lines 20-25), means for retrieving content from a content server and delivering at least some of that content as voice signals to the user device (Col 2, lines 5-10); and means for sending to the output device, whilst joined to the communication session, elements of the said content retrieved from the content server that are of a type which, according to the device's registered capability information, the output device can handle (Col 3, lines 25-45, Col 3, lines 59-65, Col 14, lines 1-5). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the arts at the time of invention to incorporate the above teachings because the inventions are analogous art (i.e. relates to the facilitation of communication among a plurality of entities). One of ordinary skill in the arts at the time of invention would have been motivated because the

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above modifications would result in a more efficient and cost-effective method of facilitating multi-party conferencing via a network, which is advantageous as discussed by Ogdon (col 1, lines 20-50).

- 13. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ogdon et al (US 6598075) in view of Dalrymple et al (US 6976094).
- 14. In regards to claim 17, Ogdon teaches of: a processor for setting up a communications session with an interfacing handler through which the user device can receive content from a content server (col 15, lines 40-50, fig 1b). Ogdon does not explicitly teach about the remaining limitations. In an analogous art, Dalrymple teaches of assembling session joining data for enabling an output device to join the communication session by that device passing the session joining data(success indication, OK) to the interfacing handler (proxy server) (col 4, lines 35-45); a transmitter connected to be responsive to the processor for sending the session joining information to the output device independently of the interfacing handler (col 4, lines 45-47. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the arts at the time of invention to incorporate the above teachings because the inventions are analogous art (i.e. relates to the facilitation of communication among a plurality of entities). One of ordinary skill in the arts at the time of invention would have been motivated because the above modifications would result in a more efficient and cost-effective method of

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facilitating multi-party conferencing via a network, which is advantageous as discussed by Ogdon (col 1, lines 20-50).

Conclusion

15. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cheryl M. Reid whose telephone number is 571 272 3903. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon- Fri (7-3:30).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrew Caldwell can be reached on (571)272-3868. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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cmr

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PHIMARY EXAMINER